## Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2016 **Information Theory & Coding**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

- $\frac{\mathbf{PART} \mathbf{A}}{\mathbf{Define self information, entropy of the long independent messages, information rate, symbol}$ 1 rate and mutual information. (05 Marks)
  - The output of an information source consists of 128 symbols, 16 of which occur with a b. probability of  $\frac{1}{32}$  and the remaining occur with a probability of  $\frac{1}{224}$ . The source emits 1000 symbols per second. Assuming that the symbols are chosen independently, find the average information rate of this source. (05 Marks)
  - For the Markov source model shown in Fig. Q1 (c):
    - i) Compute the state probabilities.
    - ii) Compute the entropy of each state.
    - iii) Compute the entropy of the source.

(10 Marks)

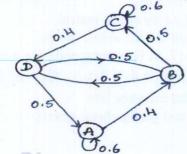
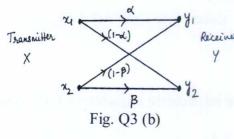


Fig. Q1 (c)

State the properties of entropy. 2

(08 Marks)

- A source emits one of the 5 symbols A, B, C, D & E with probabilities  $\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $\frac{1}{8}$ ,  $\frac{1}{8}$ ,  $\frac{3}{16}$  and  $\frac{5}{16}$  respectively in an independent sequence of symbols. Using Shannon's binary encoding algorithm, find all the code words for the each symbol. Also find coding efficiency and redundancy.
- Construct a Shannon-Fano ternary code for the following ensemble and find code efficiency and redundancy. Also draw the corresponding code - tree.  $S = \{S_1, S_2, S_3, S_4, S_5, S_6, S_7\}; P = \{0.3, 0.3, 0.12, 0.12, 0.06, 0.06, 0.04\} \text{ with } X = \{0, 1, 2\} \text{ (08 Marks)}$
- Show that  $H(X,Y) = H(Y) + H\left(\frac{X}{Y}\right)$ . (05 Marks)
  - The noise characteristics of a non-symmetric binary channel is given in Fig. Q3 (b).



- Find H(X), H(Y), H $\left(\frac{X}{Y}\right)$  and H $\left(\frac{Y}{X}\right)$ . Given  $P(x_1) = \frac{1}{4}, P(x_2) = \frac{3}{4}, \alpha = 0.75, \beta = 0.9$ ii) Also Solved
  - ii) Also find the capacity of the channel with  $r_s = 1000 \text{ symbols/sec.}$

- c. A source has an alphabet consisting of seven symbols A, B, C, D, E, F & G with probabilities of  $\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $\frac{1}{8}$ ,  $\frac{1}{8}$ ,  $\frac{1}{8}$ ,  $\frac{1}{16}$  and  $\frac{1}{16}$  respectively. Construct Huffman Quarternery code. Find coding efficiency. (05 Marks)
- 4 a. State Shannon-Hartley theorem and explain its implications. (08 Marks)
  - b. A Gaussian channel has a bandwidth of 4 kHz and a two-side noise power spectral density  $\frac{\eta}{2}$  of  $10^{-14}$  watts/Hz. The signal power at the receiver has to be maintained at a level less

than or equal to  $\frac{1}{10}^{th}$  of milliwatt. Calculate the capacity of this channel. (06 Marks)

c. Explain the properties of mutual information.

(06 Marks)

PART - B

- 5 a. What are the types of errors and types of codes in error control coding? (04 Marks)
  - b. Consider a (6, 3) linear code whose generator matrix is,  $G = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 
    - i) Find all code vectors.
    - ii) Find all the Hamming weights.
    - iii) Find minimum weight parity check matrix.
    - iv) Draw the encoder circuit for the above codes.

(10 Marks)

c. The parity check bits of a (7, 4) Hamming code are generated by,

$$C_5 = d_1 + d_3 + d_4;$$
  $C_6 = d_1 + d_2 + d_3;$   $C_7 = d_2 + d_3 + d_4$ 

where  $d_1$ ,  $d_2$ ,  $d_3$  &  $d_4$  are the message bits.

- i) Find generator matrix and parity check matrix.
- ii) Prove that  $GH^T = 0$ .

(06 Marks)

- 6 a. Define Binary cyclic codes. Explain the properties of cyclic codes.
  - b. A (15, 5) linear cyclic code has a generator polynomial,

$$g(x) = 1 + x + x^{2} + x^{4} + x^{5} + x^{8} + x^{10}$$

(08 Marks)

- i) Draw the block diagram of an encoder for this code  $g(x) = 1 + x + x^2 + x^4 + x^5 + x^8 + x^{10}$
- ii) Find the code vector for the message polynomial  $D(x) = 1 + x^2 + x^4$  in systematic form.
- iii) Is  $V(x) = 1 + x^4 + x^6 + x^8 + x^{14}$  a code polynomial?

(12 Marks)

- 7 Write short notes on:
  - a. BCH codes.
  - b. RS codes.
  - c. Golay codes.
  - d. Brust error correcting codes.

(20 Marks)

- 8 a. What are convolutional codes? Explain encoding of convolutional codes using transform domain approach. (08 Marks)
  - b. Consider the (3, 1, 2) convolutional code with  $g^{(1)} = (1\ 1\ 0)$ ,  $g^{(2)} = (1\ 0\ 1)$  and  $g^{(3)} = (1\ 1\ 1)$ 
    - i) Draw the encoder block diagram.
    - ii) Find the generator matrix.
    - iii) Find the code word corresponding to the information sequence (1 1 1 0 1) using time domain approach. (12 Marks

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